Filed : HEREWITH

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of the claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Original) A crystal comprising at least 150 amino acid residues of the LXRβ ligand binding domain.
- 2. (Original) A crystal according to claim 1 comprising the amino acid sequence from Leu-220 to Glu-461 of a human LXR β shown in Figure 5 or an amino acid sequence having at least 95% identity with the sequence and which encodes for a LXR β ligand binding domain.
- 3. (Amended) A crystal according to any one of claims 1 to 2 claim 1, comprising the entire LXR β ligand binding domain.
- 4. (Amended) A crystal according to any preceding claim claim 1, produced using a sequence including helix 12 of LXRβ.
- 5. (Amended) A crystal according to any one of claims 1 to 4 claim 1, usable in X-ray crystallography.
- 6. (Amended) A crystal according to any one of claims 1 to 5 claim 1, including a ligand bound to LXR β or a portion thereof.

Attorney Docket No. 102769-102 Filed: HEREWITH

7. (Amended) A crystal according to claim 6 in which the ligand is T0901317, GW3965 or any other ligand that binds with reasonable affinity (IC50<1000 nM) an affinity of IC₅₀ < 1000 nM to the internal LXR β binding cavity.

- 8. (Original) A crystal of LXR β LBD belonging to the space group P2₁2₁2₁ and having the unit cell dimensions a = 59 + /-3 Å, b = 100 + /-5 Å, c = 176 + /-3 Å, $\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^{\circ}$.
- 9. (Original) A crystal of LXR β LBD belonging to the space group P6₁22 and having the unit cell dimensions a=59 +/-3 Å b= 59+/-3 Å c=294 +/-3 Å , α = β = 90°, γ = 120°.
- 10. (Original) A crystal of LXR β LBD in complex with a coactivator peptide (TIF2 NR-box 1) belonging to the space group P2₁2₁2 and having the unit cell dimensions a= 89+/-3, b= 91+/-3, c=131+/-3, $\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^{\circ}$.
- 11. (Amended) A crystal according to any of claims 1 to 10 claim 1, having a resolution determined by X-ray crystallography of better than 3.6 Å.
- 12. (Original) A crystal according to claim 11 having a resolution determined by X-ray crystallography of better than 2.9 Å.

Attorney Docket No. 102769-102 Filed: HEREWITH

13. (Amended) A method of using the crystal according to any one of claims 1 to 12 in a drug screening assay comprising the steps of:

- (a) selecting a potential ligand by performing rational drug design with the three-dimensional structure determined for the crystal of claim 1, wherein said selecting is performed in conjunction with computer modelling;
- (b) contacting (i.e. docking) the potential ligand with the ligand binding domain of LXRβ; and
- (c) detecting the binding of the potential ligand for the ligand binding domain.
- 14. (Original) A method according to claim 13, wherein a potential drug is selected on the basis of it having a greater affinity for the ligand domain of LXR β than that of a standard ligand for the ligand binding domain of LXR β .
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 14 wherein the standard ligand in step (c) is T0901317, GW3965, or 24(S),25-epoxycholesterol.
- 16. (Amended) The method of any one of claims 13 to 15 claim

 13, further comprising the step of:
- (d) growing a supplemental crystal containing a protein ligand complex formed between the N-terminal truncated LXRβ and the potential drug, wherein the crystal effectively diffracts X-rays for the determination of the atomic coordinates of the protein-ligand complex to a resolution of greater than 5.0 Å;
- (e) determining the three-dimensional structure of the supplemental crystal with molecular replacement analysis;

Filed: HEREWITH

(f) selecting a candidate drug by performing a rational drug design with the three-dimensional structure determined for the supplemental crystal, wherein said selecting is performed in conjunction with computer modelling;

- (g) contacting a cell that expresses LXRβ; and
- (h) detecting a measure of protein synthesis in the cell; wherein a candidate drug is identified as such a drug when it inhibits or enhances the expression of protein synthesis in the cell.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 16 further comprising an initial step that precedes steps (a) wherein initial step consists of determining the three-dimensional structure of a crystal comprising a protein-ligand complex formed between an N-terminal truncated LXR β and T0901317, GW3965, or 24(S),25-epoxycholesterol, wherein the crystal effectively diffracts X-rays for the determination of the atomic coordinates of the protein-ligand complex to a resolution of greater than 5.0 Å.
- 18. (Amended) A method of using the crystal according to any one of claims 1 to 12 in a drug screening assay comprising the steps of:
- (a) selecting a potential ligand by performing rational drug design with the three-dimensional structure determined for the crystal of claim 1, wherein said selecting is performed in conjunction with computer modelling;
- (b) adding the potential ligand to a cDNA or protein expression assay regulated by LXRβ; and
- (c) detecting a measure of a cDNA or protein expression; wherein a potential ligand that regulates the expression of protein expression is selected as a potential drug.

Filed: HEREWITH

19. (Amended) The method of claim 18 wherein said protein expression is an in vitro protein expression assay.

- 20. (Amended) A machine-readable data storage medium, comprising a data storage material encoded with machine readable data which, when using a machine programmed with instructions for using said data, is capable of displaying a graphical three-dimensional representation of a crystal structure according to any one of claims 1 to 12 claim 1 or a homologue of said crystal structure.
- 21. (Amended) A method for designing a potential LXR\$ ligand for the treatment of diseases modulated by the natural LXR\$ ligand, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) employing computational means to perform performing a fitting operation between the chemical entity and a binding site of LXR β receptors identified from a machine-readable storage medium according to claim 20; and
- (b) analyzing the results of the fitting operation to predict the association between the potential LXR β ligand and the binding site.
- 22. (Original) Method according to claim 21, additionally providing the steps of:
- (c) synthesizing the potential LXRβ ligand based on the crystal structure of the said receptor; and
- (d) assaying the LXRβ ligand binding response in a LXRβ animal model cell line by measuring one or more in vivo effects including but not limited to changes in lipoprotein profile, changes in serum or tissue triglyceride levels, changes in serum

or tissue cholesterol levels, changes in serum glucose levels, changes in atherosclerotic lesion size indicating that the LXR β ligand may be used for treatment of diseases modulated by LXR β .

- 23. (Original) A method according to claim 21, additionally providing the steps of:
- (e) synthesising the potential LXR β ligand based on the crystal structure of said receptor; and
- (f) assaying the LXR β ligand binding response in a LXR β reporter cell line by measuring one or more in vitro effects, including but not limited to changes in the activity of a LXR response element driven reporter gene such as alkaline phosphatase, green fluorescent protein, or luciferase, changes indicating that the LXR β ligand may be used for treatment of diseases modulated by LXR β .
- 24. (Amended) A method according to any one of claims 21 to 23 claim 21, additionally comprising the steps of modifying the potential LXRB ligand so that it:
 - (a) sterically displaces helix-12; or
 - (b) disrupts the dimerisation surface.
- 25. (Amended) A method according to any one of claims 21 to 24 claim 21, wherein said a potential LXR β ligand is a LXR β antagonist.
- 26. (Amended) A method according to any one of claims 21 to 24 claim 21, wherein said potential LXRβ ligand is an agonist.

Filed : HEREWITH

27. (Amended) A method according to any one of claims 21 to 24 claim 21, wherein said potential LXR β ligand is a selective modulator.

- 28. (Amended) A method of designing a ligand which will bind to LXR β comprising comparing the shape of a compound with the shape of the ligand-binding cavity of LXR β as obtained from a crystal according to any one of claims 1 to 12 claim 1, and determining which amino acid or amino acids of the ligand binding domain interact with said compound.
- 29. (Original) A crystallized molecule or molecular complex comprising a binding pocket defined by the structure coordinates of human LXRβ ligand binding domain amino acid residues Ser242, Phe268, Phe271, Thr272, Leu274, Ala275, Ser278, Ile309, Met312, Leu313, Glu315, Thr316, Arg319, Ile327, Phe329, Leu330, Tyr335, Phe340, Leu345, Phe349, Ile350, Ile353, Phe354, His435, Gln438, Val439, Leu442, Leu449, Leu453, Trp457, according to the coordinate tables or a homologue of said molecule or molecular complex wherein said homologue has a root mean square deviation form the backbone atoms of said amino acids of not more than 1.5Å.
- 30. (Original) A crystallisable composition comprising at least 150 amino acid residues of the LXRB ligand-binding domain.
- 31. (Original) An isolated protein consisting essentially of the amino acid sequence shown from amino acid 220 to amino acid 461 in Figure 5a or the sequence shown in Figure 5b.

Filed: HEREWITH

32. (Original) An isolated protein according to claim 31, additionally comprising a tag, such as a his-tag.

- 33. (Original) A vector, such as a plasmid, containing a nucleic acid molecule encoding a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence shown from 220 to 461 in Figure 5 or the sequence shown in Figure 5b.
- 34. (Original) A host cell containing a vector according to claim 33.
- 35. (Amended) An isolated protein having an amino acid sequence identical to the amino acid sequence used in a crystal according to any one of claims 1 to 2 claim 1.
- 36. (Original) A computer for producing a three-dimensional representation of:
- (a) a molecule or molecular complex, wherein said molecule or molecular complex comprises a binding pocket defined by the structure coordinates of LXRβ amino acid residues Ser242, Phe268, Phe271, Thr272, Leu274, Ala275, Ser278, Ile309, Met312, Leu313, Glu315, Thr316, Arg319, Ile327, Phe329, Leu330, Tyr335, Phe340, Leu345, Phe349, Ile350, Ile353, Phe354, His435, Gln438, Val439, Leu442, Leu449, Leu453, Trp457 according to the coordinate tables; or
- (b) a homolog of said molecule or molecular complex, wherein said homolog comprises a binding pocket that has a root mean square deviation from the backbone atoms of said amino acids of not more than 1.5 Å, wherein said computer comprises:
 - (i) a computer-readable data storage medium comprising a data storagematerial encoded with computer-

readable data, wherein said data comprises the structure of LXRβ amino acid residues Ser242, Phe268, Phe271, Thr272, Leu274, Ala275, Ser278, Ile309, Met312, Leu313, Glu315, Thr316, Arg319, Ile327, Phe329, Leu330, Tyr335, Phe340, Leu345, Phe349, Ile350, Ile353, Phe354, His435, Gln438, Val439, Leu442, Leu449, Leu453, Trp457 according to the coordinate tables;

- (ii) a working memory of storing instructions for processing said computer-readable data;
- (iii) a central-processing unit coupled to said working memory and to said computer-readable data storage medium for processing and computer-machine readable data into said three-dimensional representation; and
- (iv) a display coupled to said central-processing unit for displaying said three-dimensional representation.
- 37. (Original) The computer according to claim 36 wherein said computer produces a three-dimensional representation of:
- (a) a molecule or molecular complex defined by structure coordinates of all of the LXR β ligand binding domain amino acid residues set forth in the co-ordinate tables; or
- (b) a homolog of said molecule or molecular complex, wherein said homolog comprises a binding pocket that has a root mean square deviation from the backbone atoms of said amino acids of not more than 1.5 Å; and wherein said computer readable data contains the coordinates of all of the LXR β ligand binding domain amino acid residues as set forth in the co-ordinate tables.

Filed : HEREWITH

38. (Amended) A method for determining the three-dimensional structure of a complex between LXR β and a ligand therefore, which comprises:

- (a) obtaining x-ray diffraction data for crystals of the complex as defined in any one of claims 1 to 12 claim 1; and
- (b) utilizing a set of atomic coordinates as defined in claim 29 or a portion thereof; and coordinates having a root mean square deviation therefrom with respect to conserved protein backbone atoms of not more than 1.5Å to define the three-dimensional structure of the complex.
- 39. (Original) A method for determining a modelling structure of a protein containing LXRβ or a complex of said protein and a ligand, which method comprises:
- (a) providing a three-dimensional structure defined by a set of coordinates as defined in claim 29, or a portion thereof; and coordinates having a root mean square deviation therefrom with respect to conserved protein backbone atoms of not more than 1.5Å;
- (b) generating a three-dimensional model structure of the protein containing LXR β using a homology modelling method and the structure of step (a) as a template; and
- (c) subjecting the resulting model to molecular mechanics energy minimization.